

KD-Validated Anti-RB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Rabbit polyclonal antibody
Catalog # AGI2003**Specification****KD-Validated Anti-RB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P06400
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	Predicted, 106 kDa, observed, 115 kDa
Gene Name	KDa
Aliases	RB1
	RB1; RB Transcriptional Corepressor 1; PPP1R130; RB; Protein Phosphatase 1, Regulatory Subunit 130; Prepro-Retinoblastoma-Associated Protein; Retinoblastoma-Associated Protein; Retinoblastoma 1; P110-RB1; P105-Rb; Pp110; OSRC; PRb; Retinoblastoma Susceptibility Protein; Osteosarcoma; Rb
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human RB1

KD-Validated Anti-RB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID	5925
Other Names	
Retinoblastoma-associated protein, p105-Rb, p110-RB1, pRb, Rb, pp110, RB1	

KD-Validated Anti-RB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protein Information**Name** RB1**Function**

Tumor suppressor that is a key regulator of the G1/S transition of the cell cycle (PubMed:10499802). The hypophosphorylated form binds transcription regulators of the E2F family, preventing transcription of E2F-responsive genes (PubMed:10499802). Both physically blocks E2Fs transactivating domain and recruits chromatin- modifying enzymes that actively repress transcription (PubMed:10499802). Cyclin and CDK-dependent phosphorylation of RB1 induces its dissociation from E2Fs, thereby activating transcription of E2F responsive genes and triggering entry into S phase (PubMed:10499802). RB1 also promotes the G0-G1 transition upon phosphorylation and activation by CDK3/cyclin-C (PubMed:15084261). Directly

involved in heterochromatin formation by maintaining overall chromatin structure and, in particular, that of constitutive heterochromatin by stabilizing histone methylation. Recruits and targets histone methyltransferases SUV39H1, KMT5B and KMT5C, leading to epigenetic transcriptional repression. Controls histone H4 'Lys-20' trimethylation. Inhibits the intrinsic kinase activity of TAF1. Mediates transcriptional repression by SMARCA4/BRG1 by recruiting a histone deacetylase (HDAC) complex to the c-FOS promoter. In resting neurons, transcription of the c-FOS promoter is inhibited by BRG1- dependent recruitment of a phospho-RB1-HDAC1 repressor complex. Upon calcium influx, RB1 is dephosphorylated by calcineurin, which leads to release of the repressor complex (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13405}. Note=During keratinocyte differentiation, acetylation by KAT2B/PCAF is required for nuclear localization (PubMed:20940255). Localizes to the cytoplasm when hyperphosphorylated (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P13405, ECO:0000269|PubMed:20940255}

Tissue Location

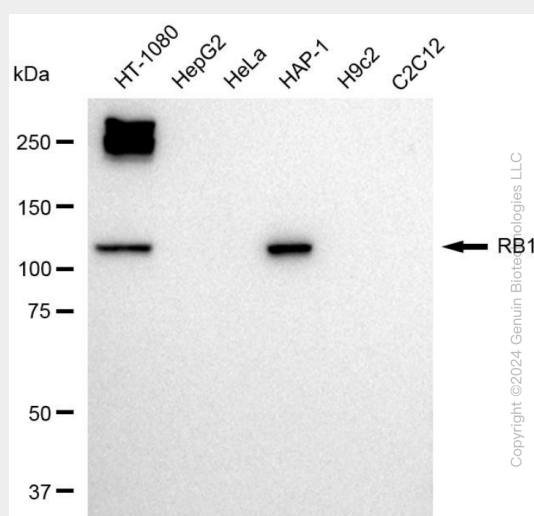
Expressed in the retina. Expressed in foreskin keratinocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:20940255)

KD-Validated Anti-RB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Protocols

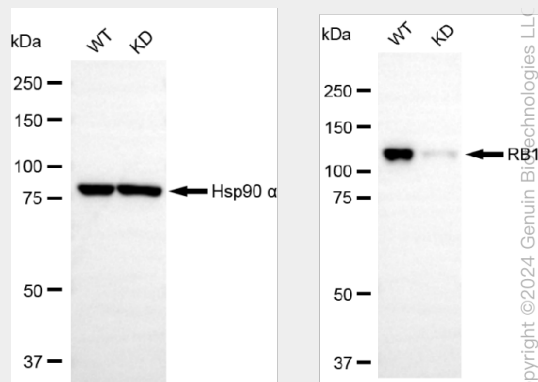
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

KD-Validated Anti-RB1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody - Images



Western blotting analysis using anti-RB1 antibody (Cat#AGI2003). Total cell lysates (30 µg) from various cell lines were loaded and separated by SDS-PAGE. The blot was incubated with anti-RB1 antibody (Cat#AGI2003, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.



Western blotting analysis using anti-RB1 antibody (Cat#AGI2003). RB1 expression in wild type (WT) and RB1 knockdown (KD) HSHC cells with 20 µg of total cell lysates. Hsp90 α serves as a loading control. The blot was incubated with anti-RB1 antibody (Cat#AGI2003, 1:5,000) and HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit secondary antibody respectively.